

### The Peculiar Amusement of a Little Kentucky Town.

People of the little mountain town of Sharpburg, Ky., have a peculiar amusement known as "egg-throwing." Formerly Sharpburg was the scene of many shootings and cuttings, but the boys amuse themselves now by throwing eggs at one another. The eggs cost but little more than did the 44-calibre cartridges used in their Winchester, and since they have been throwing eggs nobody has been seriously wounded.

The heaviest battles occur on Saturday night. Jim Strong is the captain of one egg-throwing band and Bill Eversole is the captain of the other. They have about twenty men each. Each man has to provide himself with a dozen eggs, and of course it is to his interest that he buys them where he can get them the cheapest. As no individual expects to be struck by his own eggs, he does not require the dealer to "candle" them. In this way the dealers in country produce here are able to realize at least cost price on their sickest eggs.

Last Saturday night's battle was a glorious one. The moon was shining and the boys lined up for the fray about 9 o'clock. Every member of the two companies was present. The captains did not throw, simply directing the movements of their men. Each man had his full quota of eggs when the battle began. The first volley was thrown by Strong's men, and six men on the Eversole side were struck. Then the Eversoles began to throw eggs, and at their first volley seven Strong men were marked, and one egg carried away the cap of Captain Strong. Then the throwing became indiscriminate, and no attempt at volley work was made.

The sport did not cease until the entire 480 eggs were thrown. Nearly every man had been plastered and the captains were regular omelets from head to foot. It was decided that Strong's men won the fight. The most casual observer passing along the street next morning could have told there had been an egg battle, for the houses, sidewalks, fences, and curbstones were plastered with eggs and shells.—Chicago Record.

#### The Blues.

This is a synonym for that gloomy, harassed condition of the mind which has its origin in dyspepsia. All the ugly spirits that, under the name of the "blues," "blue devils," "megrimms" and "mulligrubs" torment the dyspeptic almost incessantly, vanish when attacked with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, that, moreover, annihilates biliousness, constipation, chills and fever, kidney complaints and nervousness.

The man robs others who does not make the best of himself.

#### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. WALKING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 50c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

#### A Frose Smoking.

EE-M. Medicated Smoking Tobacco and Cigarettes. Are absolute remedies for Catarrh, Hay Fever, Asthma and Colds; Besides a delightful smoke. Ladies as well as men, use these goods. No opium or other harmful drug used in their manufacture. EE-M. is used and recommended by some of the best citizens of this country.

If your dealer does not keep EE-M. Send 13c. for package of tobacco And 6c. for package of cigarettes, Direct to the EE-M. Company, Atlanta, Ga. And you will receive goods by mail.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. 25c. trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 311 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

### More and Greater

Are the cures produced by Hood's Sarsaparilla than by any other medicine. If you are suffering with scrofula, salt rheum, hip disease, running sores, boils, pimples, dyspepsia, loss of appetite or that tired feeling, take Hood's Sarsaparilla. You may confidently expect a prompt and permanent cure. Its unequalled record is due to its positive merit. Remember Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

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or all forms SUCCESSFULLY TREATED. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pionchitis, Palpitation, Indigestion, etc.

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of the Nose, Throat and Lungs. DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN. Prolapsus, Ulcerations, Leucorrhoea, etc. Write for pamphlet, testimonials and question blank. DR. S. T. WISTACKER, Specialist, 303 Norcross Building, Atlanta, Ga.

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ARDS can be saved. With Anti-Jag the marvelous cure for the drunk habit. Write Renova Chemical Co., 200 Broadway, N. Y.

Full information (in plain wrapper) mailed free.

### A GREAT PIE foundry.

#### GOTHAM'S SUBSTITUTE FOR THE NEW ENGLAND HOUSEWIFE.

Still, Machinery Turns Out a Poor Imitation of the Masterpiece to Be Found in the Famous "Pie Belt"—Blessings of the Giant Size.

In that part of New England which is known as the "pie belt," where pies of all kinds and flavors are made even better than "mother used to bake," the art of producing them is a home industry. Housekeepers take a pride in their handiwork, and competition for excellence in pies is as active during cattle-show days as for superiority in patchwork quilts or fairswine. But away from the "pie belt" the number of competent pie-bakers is small, while the appetite for pie seems to be as pronounced in the large cities of the Middle States as it is in the hill towns of the Berkshires. Hence the pie bakery or, as it is sometimes called, the pie foundry.

These pie bakeries supply bread bakers, restaurants, grocery stores, hotels and consumers with pies of all kinds and of many sizes. There are certain kinds of pies that may be had all the year around. Among these the popular ones are apple, lemon, coconut, mince and custard. Then there are pies with fruit and berry "fillings" which are made only in the fruit and berry season. There are little "penny" pies which the small boy buys and devours on his way to school or at recess time; there are pies of the regulation family size of which one-quarter is a correct portion. Then there is the hotel size, which is much larger than the family size, and the "giant" which goes to "beaneries" and boarding-houses.

"These great big pies," said a dealer, "are a blessing to the hash-houses, and you would be surprised to see the great number of 'quarters' an expert pie carver can get out of one."

In pie baking, as in all other industries, there are various grades, and while there are establishments in New York where the surroundings would naturally prejudice one against the product, the average pie bakery is neat, and the product as clean and as free from objectionable ingredients as the New England article of which it is a poor imitation.

One of the oldest pie bakeries in New York is located in Bleeker street, and from its doors a score of delivery wagons take the fresh pies which are baked in the ten subterranean ovens every night to all parts of the city. But before they become merchantable material, crisp, juicy, toothsome promoters of indigestion, the pies go through a series of departments in the factory, each one of which is remarkable for its cleanliness and its wholesome atmosphere. In one room a number of men and women "pick over" berries which now come to the baker in crates by drayload lots. At one end these berries are sugared and seasoned in great tubs and made ready to be filled into the pies. Rows of white-aproned men make and roll the "paste" which forms the crusts, and tidy women attend the great copper kettles where fruit is cooked.

"But machinery cannot detect a bad spot in a peach or an apple," said the veteran pie baker, "and for that reason we must have trustworthy men and women on duty."

The pie bakery covers three floors of a brick building about 150 feet square. A tour of the place from the top floor down shows the visitor great troughs of dough, rows of flour barrels, stacks of pie plates scoured and polished until they resemble silver, large vats of pie fillings of all sorts and descriptions, and men and women at work getting ready for midnight, when the day's product goes into the ovens, one hundred and fifty pies at a time in each of the ten ovens.

While all are busy, no one of the many persons employed there makes a pie, but the component parts are made and prepared by people who do only their particular work, and then the various parts are brought together and dispatched on large elevators to the bakery below the ground floor.

William Thompson, the head of this pie-baking establishment, in speaking of his business, said that pies had always been a necessity in New York, and that away back in "the forties" he used to sell pies to the people who congregated on the spot which is now Washington square.—New York Tribune.

#### ALASKA'S MAGIC LAKE.

Its Waters Warm in Winter and Cold in Summer.

The richly laden placers of the Klondike are by no means the only things marvellous about Alaska.

There is a lake up there, not very far from Dawson City, which has been christened Lake Selawik by its discoverer, Father Tossi, a missionary among the native Alaskan, which, besides being interesting to the wonder lovers who are staying at home, will unquestionably prove a wonderful blessing during the coming winter to the thousands of gold-seeking Americans who have never passed an eight-months winter amidst real ice and snow.

It is generally supposed that everything within the Arctic circle freezes

up seven or eight months in the year, that the rivers and lakes are completely frozen over, and that the fishes die off or seek other waters. But none of these things are true of Lake Selawik.

This lake is sixty miles long and about fifteen miles in width. It has no evident communication with the ocean, yet when the ocean is at its high tide on the shores of Alaska, up goes the water of Lake Selawik, and when the tide of the ocean goes out, down comes the height of the waters of the lake.

Notwithstanding this sympathy with ocean waters, the water of Lake Selawik is fresh at all times, and it tastes like the sparkling spring water on the farm. But the most remarkable feature of this lake is the fact that it never freezes over in the coldest weather, and the colder the atmosphere in its neighborhood becomes, the warmer its waters seem to become.

For this reason, Lake Selawik becomes a kind of Mecca in winter time for all kinds of fishes and water animals which are found in the various rivers that pour into the lake during summer. The waters of the lake swarm with fish, and the improvident gold seeker from the United States, who has failed to strike that "pile" he anticipated, and who, owing to the fabulous prices of eatables in Alaska in winter, would otherwise starve to death, has only to borrow a sled and a couple of dogs and go over to Selawik, where, in a couple of hours, he can kill with a boat hook more salmon than he can eat in a fortnight, for after the capture of the fish the excessively cold climate keeps them frozen until they are ready to be eaten.

Lake Selawik will also relieve the miners from the disagreeable necessity which they contemplate at present, of spending the whole winter without taking a bath. The water in winter is of just the right temperature to make bathing both wholesome and agreeable.

It would not be surprising after the present gold rush has subsided to see a city of considerable size grow up around delightful Lake Selawik.

#### Hawaiian Coffee.

It is not generally known that very soon there will be a big annual supply of coffee from the Hawaiian Islands for the markets of the world, and when the product begins to be shipped it will grow in a geometrical ratio as the new trees come to maturity and as the old ones increase in productivity.

One of the best informed men in the islands on the coffee question is W. G. Irwin, who is now spending a few months in this city on a vacation. Speaking on the subject a few days ago, he said:

"It is wonderful how the crown lands fit for coffee have been taken up all along the road from Hilo to the Volcano House up in the lava districts. It has been found that the open spaces or open lands are even better than the dense forests that were at first cleared for the coffee plantations, and there must be fully five thousand good acres for the husbandry still available. It is not a good thing for a man with no money to embark in, for they are sure to fail. A man who goes to the islands to go into the coffee business ought to have enough money to pay for clearing his lands, and this will cost about \$40 an acre. The planter then wants enough to live on for five years until his crop bears, and enough to pay the interest on his investment, for if he comes with only a few hundred dollars he is sure to fail in his undertaking."

"I suppose there is fully \$2,000,000 now invested in coffee on all the islands, and a great deal more capital is seeking investment. There is a two story mill in Honolulu for cleaning the berries and sorting them into pearl, extra prime, prime and cullings. Things of this character will develop more and more as time runs on. It will not be long until more people are engaged in coffee than in any other enterprise on the islands.—New York Herald.

#### Kept Him Cowed.

While stopping one night at a farmhouse in Missouri a traveler was astonished to see his hostess walk up to her husband about every fifteen minutes and box his ears or give his hair a pull. In the morning the guest, seeing the woman alone, asked an explanation of her strange conduct, and her reply was: "You see, stranger, me and the old man has been fightin' for ten years to see who shall boss this 'ere ranch, and I have jest got him cowed, but if I should let up on him for a day he would turn on me again, and my work would all go for nothin'."—New York Tribune.

#### The "Fighting Bells."

One of the family of the "fighting Bells" of Augusta county, Va., has died at the homestead at Long Glade at the age of eighty. He was Alexander R. Bell, one of five brothers who together had nineteen sons that fought in Captain Cushing's company of the Fifth Virginia regiment, Stonewall Brigade, and were nearly all killed in battle or died of wounds. A. R. Bell had been for nearly sixty years an elder in the Presbyterian church.—New York Sun.

# Ayer's

is the name to remember when buying Sarsaparilla. It has been curing people right along for more than 50 years. That's why.

#### Immigration Figures.

The highest immigration record, excluding the arrivals of aliens not so classed, is that of 1882, when the prodigious number of 788,992 came, following the previous year's 669,431, till then unprecedented. In 1883 there was a heavy falling off to 603,322, and the decrease went on until 334,203 was reached in 1886. Then the tide again turned, and with some variations another climax was reached in 1892, when the figures were 623,084, the third highest mark, and not far behind that of 1881. But then began another ebb, with 502,917 in 1893, followed by 314,467, then 270,948, then by 343,267, and now this year by an astonishing reduction to 230,832, as shown by a special bulletin of the Treasury Department.

#### Crow Puts Out a Locomotive Headlight.

A peculiar accident happened this morning to the engine on passenger train No. 1 at McArthur Junction. As the train was speeding along through the darkness the engineer and fireman were startled by a crash in front and then the headlight went out. They thought at first that a stone had been thrown into it, but an investigation showed that a big crow had flown matter, reports that there should be straight into the light, shattering the glass. The light threatened to explode and finally burned out. The crow, which had broken its neck, was fished out in a badly singed condition, and was hanging up in the roundhouse this morning.—Chillicothe (O.) News.

It is claimed that Lake Erie produces more fish to the square mile than any other body of water in the world.

#### A Beautiful Blotchy Face.

Right off you say, "Impossible!" And so it is. Eczema, Ringworm or any other ugly skin disease makes the handsomest face hideous. "Tetterine" will cure them. It's the only cure—certain, safe, sure. 50 cents at druggists, or by mail for price in stamps. J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga.

The Prohibition ticket in Nebraska this fall will wear a white rose.

Pico's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

### THE TURN OF LIFE

Is the most important period in a woman's existence. Owing to modern methods of living, not one woman in a thousand approaches this perfectly natural change without experiencing a train of very annoying and sometimes painful symptoms.

Those dreadful hot flashes, sending the blood surging to the heart until it seems ready to burst, and the faint feeling that follows, sometimes with chills, as if the heart were going to stop for good, are symptoms of a dangerous nervous trouble. Those hot flashes are just so many calls from nature for help.

The nerves are crying out for assistance. The cry should be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was prepared to meet the needs of woman's system at this trying period of her life.

The Vegetable Compound is an invigorating strengthener of the female organism. It builds up the weakened nervous system and enables a woman to pass that grand change triumphantly.

It does not seem necessary for us to prove the honesty of our statements, but it is a pleasure to publish such grateful words as the following:

"I have been using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for some time during the change of life and it has been a saviour of life unto me. I can cheerfully recommend your medicine to all women, and I know it will give permanent relief. I would be glad to relate my experience to any sufferer."—MRS. DELLA WATSON, 524 West 6th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

### GEORGIA LADIES

#### TELL THE TRUTH.

When Mayor Thence



There are two critical and even dangerous periods in female life, when the greatest care is necessary.

The first, when the girl passes from childhood to womanhood; if through ignorance or neglect this mysterious development is interfered with or thwarted, even in the smallest degree, they are liable to some malady frequently proving most serious, such as hysteria, fits or even consumption, while at the second period, called "change of life," there is often much distress and danger. At both these periods of life Dr. M. A. Simmonds' Liver Medicine is invaluable, and it is recommended that a dose of it be taken twice a week for some time, between and during the menstrual periods, and for strengthening the system we strongly urge the use of Dr. M. A. Simmonds' Liver Medicine, a dose at bedtime.

R. J. Redock



Seville, Ga., says: I have used Dr. M. A. Simmonds' Liver Medicine in my family for 30 years with success in many cases of Indigestion and Sour Stomach. I think it superior to "Thedford's Black Draught" and "Zellin's Regulator," and I shall recommend Dr. M. A. S. L. M. as long as I live.

#### Hysteria

Is caused by natural or acquired feebleness of constitution, mental suffering and, chiefly, derangements of the sexual system, such as menstrual irregularities, delayed development of the generative organs, or too strong sexual propensities. During a fit, the patient's clothes should be loosened; she should have an abundance of fresh air. The sudden, copious and continuous application of cold water to the head and face will cure the fit short. Between the paroxysms, Dr. M. A. Simmonds' Liver Medicine should be taken to correct torpidity of the bowels, and a course of treatment with Dr. Simmonds' Sarsaparilla and Sarsaparilla Wine which is specially adapted to remove the uterine disorders.

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### Lamp Chimney Protectors.

Guaranteed to prevent chimneys from being broken by the flames. Agents wanted. Address: CARDNER LAMP CHIMNEY PROTECTOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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